Older Americans Act Nutrition Programs: Excellence and Innovations in the Aging Network

USAging Conference Sunday, July 20, 2025

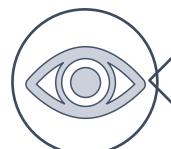




ONHPP Guiding Principles



Mission: Optimize the health, well-being and independence of community-based older adults and persons with disabilities, their families, and caregivers.



Vision: Empowering healthy aging by providing tools to our aging network to succeed.



Core Values: Health and Wellness, Innovation, Cultural Relevance, Dignity, and Service.



Older Americans Act Senior Nutrition Program

1

Reduce hunger, food insecurity, and malnutrition

2

Promote socialization

3

Promote health and well-being

Encourages innovation and person-centered services



Innovations in Nutrition Programs and Services (INNU)

- Since 2017
- Test innovative and promising practices
- Enhance quality, effectiveness, and outcomes of OAA nutrition services
- Broad implementation across the aging network
- Demonstrate value & impact
- Replicable



Thank You!







Search



Building the capacity of senior nutrition programs

The Nutrition and Aging Resource Center builds the capacity of senior nutrition programs funded by the Older Americans Act (OAA) to provide high-quality, person-centered services and to assist ACL and stakeholders with identifying opportunities to enhance program sustainability and resiliency. These OAA-funded programs address food insecurity, hunger, and malnutrition, enhance socialization, and promote the health and well-being of older adults. More about us.







- ACL Innovations in Nutrition
 Programs and Services
 (INNU)
- ACL Senior Nutrition
- INNU Grantee Spotlight



eldercare Find a local nutrition site



Person-Centered Nutrition Innovations & Services

Senior Nutrition Programs

www.AgeGuide.org

Agenda

Medically Tailored Meals

Culturally Appropriate Meals

Restaurant Dining Programs

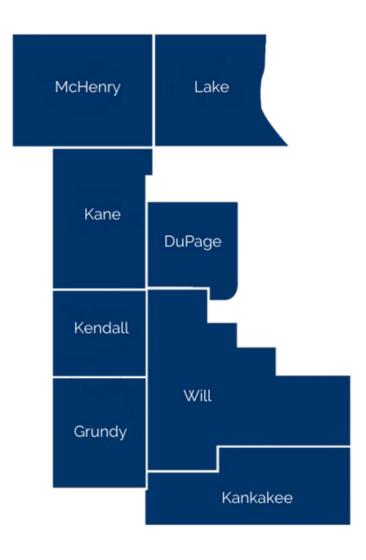
Standardized Satisfaction Surveys

This project was supported, in part by grant number 90INNU0039, from the U.S. Administration for Community Living, Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, D.C. 20201.



Mission: To be a vital resource and advocate for people as we age by providing thoughtful guidance, supportive services, and meaningful connections

- Area Agency on Aging
- Eight suburban counties surrounding Cook
 County
- Serves over 750,000 older adults
- 25% of the state's 60+ population resides in its planning & service area (PSA 02)



Medically Tailored Meals





Culturally Appropriate Meals

Culturally Appropriate Meals







Grocery Food Boxes

HISPANIC MEAL KITS DELIVERED TO YOUR DOOR!

How to Qualify:

- Age 60 or older
- · Not currently participating in a home delivery meal program or community dining program
- Able to prepare meals and store perishable ingredients
- · Must reside in Lake County

How it Works:

- · Receive ingredients to prepare 20 meals over the course of a month
- · Receive meal kits every other week from February until September 2024
- . Menus contain 1/3 of the daily nutritional needs for an older adult
- · No one will be denied if unwilling or unable to contribute to this donation-based program

Black bean soup

Sample Menu Items:

- Baked chicken flautas
- Chipotle fish taco bowl
- Fajitas
- Stuffed poblano pepper

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT CHERI PIERSON WHITE AT (847) 244-9242, EXT 211 OR ATTEND THE REGISTRATION EVENT ON MONDAY, JANUARY 22ND, AT THE PATRICIA A. JONES CENTER, 414 SOUTH LEWIS AVENUE WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS 60085 FROM 10 AM UNTIL 12PM



Restaurant Dining Program



Restaurant Program Overview

- Partnership with local restaurants
 - Provide diverse menu choices and increased flexibility in dining hours
- Participants of the restaurant programs are issued cards with pre-loaded meals
- The participants order from specialized menu options that meet 1/3 of the daily nutritional requirements for older adults.
- Ability to offer older adults more socialization opportunities and greater connections to their communities.

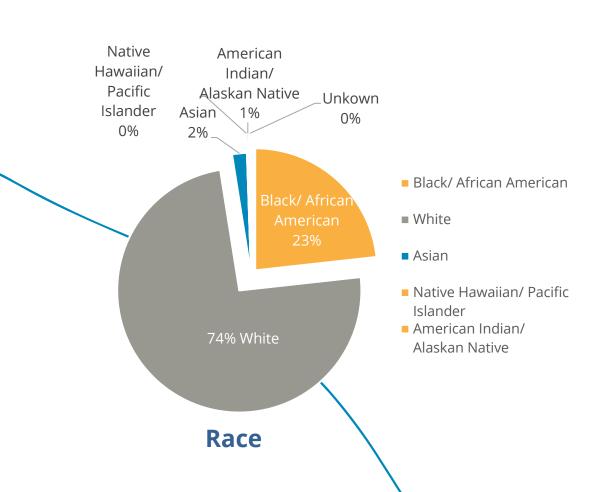


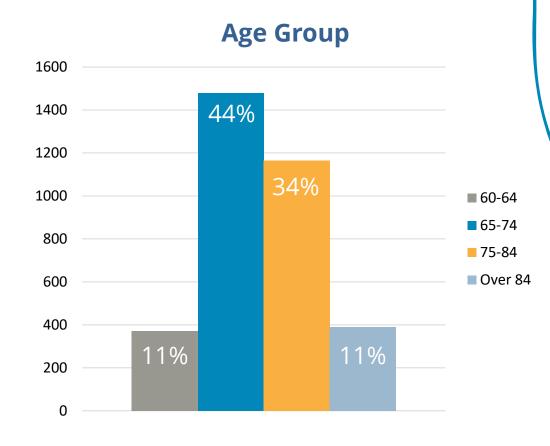
Program Motivation

- Increase older adult participation in congregate dining
- Help build social connections
- Increase community engagement
- Reduce social isolation
- Provide culturally appropriate meals



Senior Dining Demographics





Program Impact

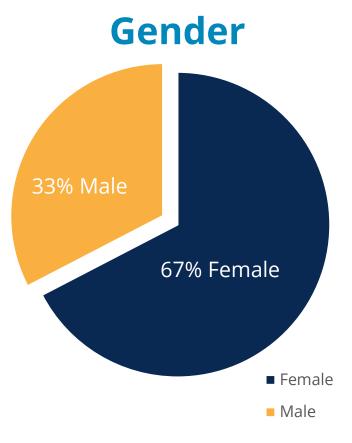


54,023

Meals Served











ACL Restaurant Program Impact

62%

Made more friends



18%

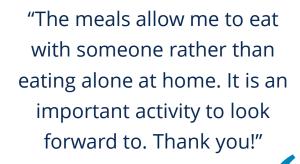
Reported improved quality of health since participating

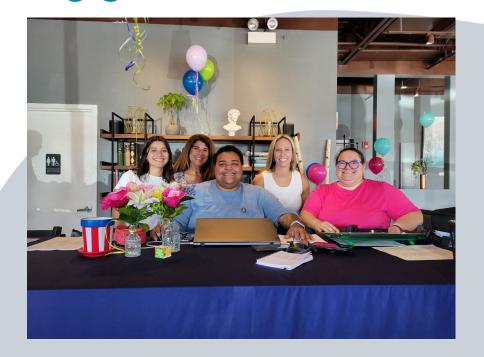
47%

Engaged in additional programs/services

Testimonials

"This program allows me to go out to restaurants with friends for a meal when I can't afford to do so otherwise! Thank you!" "This program is good because I am recently widowed and find it difficult to cook and eat nutritious food." "My friend who lives alone is eating better and more often because of this program. That makes me worry less about him."





Standardized Program Evaluation Survey







COMMUNITY DINING SATISFACTION SURVEY

Please help us to improve our services by completing this survey. We value you as a participant and would appreciate your feedback.

SI	Site Name:								
County Served:									
1. Please rate your satisfaction with:									
		Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor			
	Interactions with the s manager and other st		\circ	0	\circ	0			
	The quality of food yo receive	u O	0	\circ	0	0			
	2. How would you rate your feelings of social connection since coming to the community dining site?								
	○ Improved ○	Stayed the Same	O Worse the before	an					
3. Because of this program, I have engaged in additional programs/services:									
	O Agree C) Disagree							
4. Since participating in this program, my overall health has:									
	O Improved C	Stayed the same	O Decrease	d					

I have made	O I feel mare	Olhattar	O Land my family o
O I have made new friends	I feel more connected to my community	I better understand what a balaced meal is	○ I and my family ○ I am more have less stress independer
O I am more social	I am less worried about having enough food		
6. I would recommen	d this program to	a friend/family	y member/ neighbor:
O Yes	O No		
7. How often do you	attend the comm	unity dining pro	ogram?
O Weekly	O 2 to 3 times a week	O Monthly	O Every few months
ur experience.			a personal story about
ur experience:			
ur experience.			



HOME DELIVERED MEAL SATISFACTION SURVEY

Please help us to improve our services by completing this survey. We value you as a participant and would appreciate your feedback.

Home Delivered Meals Site: County Served:								
1. The qualit	y of food you	receive is						
Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor				
0	0	\circ	0	0				
2. When you	ır meals arrive	, do you ge	et greeted nicely	by our staff/v	olunteers?			
○ Yes	ON	0						
3. My meals	are delivered	during reg	gularly schedule	d hours:				
O Yes	O N	o						
4. How woul home delive		ur feelings	of social connec	ction since rece	eiving			
O Improve		ayed the ime	O Worse than before	1				
5. Because o	of this progran	n, I have er	ngaged in additi	onal programs	/services:			
O Agree	OD	isagree						
		351						

○ Improved	 Stayed the same 	O Decreased	
7. Check all that app	ly since participat	ting in this progra	im:
O I feel more connected to my community	I better understand what a balanced meal is		 Less stress on myself and my family
 Helps me stay independent 	 I worry less about having enough food 		
8. Would you recom	mend the Home [Delivered Meal pr	ogram to your friends/fa
○ Yes	O No	O Unsure	
ditional comments	or suggestions:		
lditional comments	or suggestions:		
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Connect With Us







Listen to our Podcast:



Leslie Edstrom Director of Grants, Planning & Program Development ledstrom@ageguide.org

www.AgeGuide.org





CONNECT Study

Essential Connections: How a referral intervention from hospital to community meal provision impacts access to nutrition care and health outcomes in older adults with malnutrition

https://www.eatrightpro.org/practice/research/current-studies/connect-study

Disclosures

Constantina (Tina) Papoutsakis, PhD, RD



- Senior Director, Nutrition and Dietetics Data Science Center Research, International, and Scientific Affairs (RISA)
 Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics
- Chair, Clinical Reference Group, Nutrition and Dietetics terminology SNOMED CT International

(Systematized Medical Nomenclature for Medicine–Clinical Terminology (SNOMED CT) is a clinical terminology system that provides a standardized and scientifically validated way of representing clinical information captured by clinicians)

Member, Coding4Food Advisory Committee

https://www.msfnca.org/coding4food

The Coding4Food (C4F) project is a community-informed initiative aiming to create new Healthcare Common Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) codes to define a spectrum of Food is Medicine interventions as healthcare services, allowing for their full integration into healthcare system infrastructure.



STUDY AIMS





OBJECTIVE 1: is the referral process feasible?

To test the **feasibility** of a patient identification, cross-referral, data reporting and communication (including data transfer) process from an acute care hospital to a community meal provision organization. **Outcome measures**: Program Sustainability Assessment Tool, barriers and facilitators to implementation



OBJECTIVE 2: is access to care improved?

To **increase the rate of** patients older than 60 years of age with malnutrition receiving care (**MNT, MTM**) in the community setting. **Outcome measures**: change in percent receiving MNT/Nutrition care and meals from the meal provision Title III-C1 and C2 funded organization



OBJECTIVE 3: are health outcomes improved?

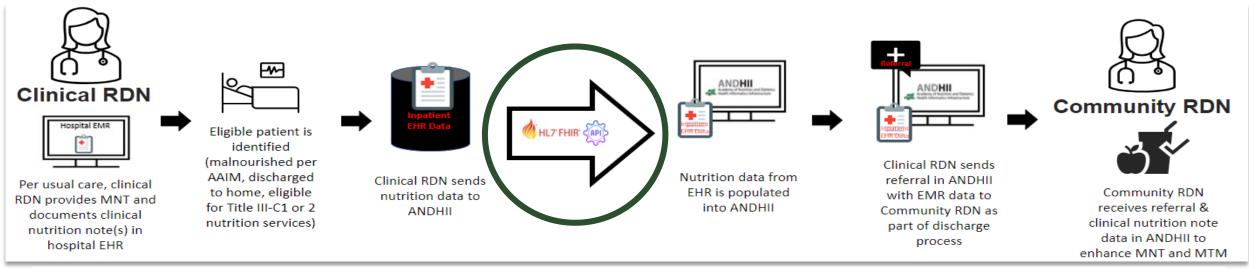
To improve **quality of life**, food security, and characteristics of malnutrition in people older than 60 years of age discharged home from the hospital and have a diagnosis of malnutrition **Outcome measures**: quality of life (CASP-19), food security risk, risk of malnutrition (MST), malnutrition (AAIM)



Referral Model to standardize transitions of care



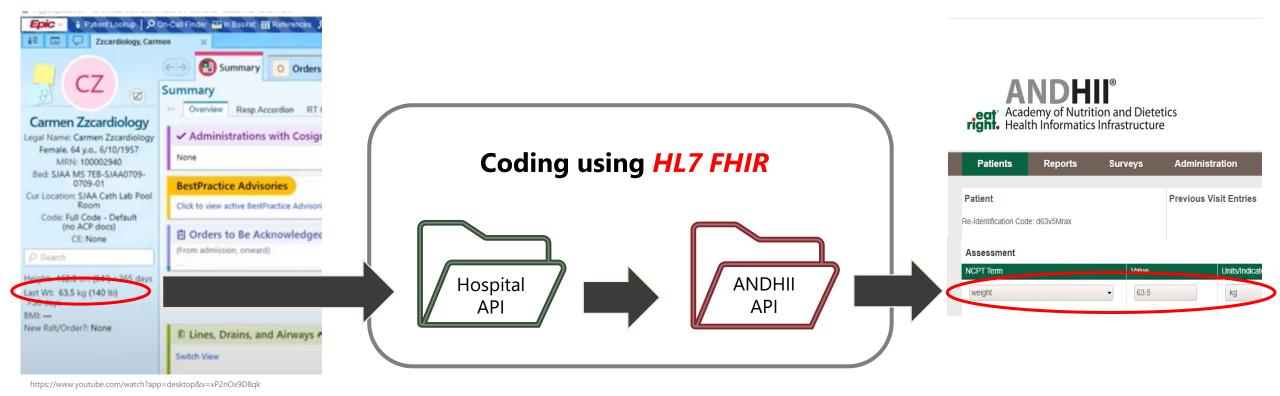
The purpose of this research is to test a new **referral process** that will allow continuity of nutrition care for malnutrition treatment **across care settings** and determine if it improves **quality of life, food security** and **characteristics of malnutrition** in patients 60 years and older who are discharged with a malnutrition diagnosis and are eligible for Title III-C1 (congregate) or Title III-C2 (home-delivered) meal provision services.



Papoutsakis C, Sundar C, Woodcock L, Abram JK, Lamers-Johnson E. Translating malnutrition care from the hospital to the community setting. *Nutr Clin Pract*. 2024;39(6):1292-1298. doi:10.1002/ncp.11197



Development of ANDHII FHIR API







Multi-site design – Study periods

Pairs (clinical and community site) will collect data for **5 periods**. Each period will last 7 months long.

There will be **8 Site Pairs** and they will be randomized to a sequence

The **Sequence** outlines which site pairs will be completing 'usual care' or the 'intervention'

Sequence	Site Pairs	Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Period 5
1	1	Usual Care	Intervention	Intervention	Intervention	Intervention
	2	Usual Care	Intervention	Intervention	Intervention	Intervention
2	3	Usual Care	Usual Care	Intervention	Intervention	Intervention
	4	Usual Care	Usual Care	Intervention	Intervention	Intervention
3	5	Usual Care	Usual Care	Usual Care	Intervention	Intervention
	6	Usual Care	Usual Care	Usual Care	Intervention	Intervention
4	7	Usual Care	Usual Care	Usual Care	Usual Care	Intervention
	8	Usual Care	Usual Care	Usual Care	Usual Care	Intervention



Site and Enrollment

RESEARCH SITES

8 research pairs = 1 hospital & 1 community center

ENROLLMENT GOALS

- 28 patients per period, totaling 140 patients over the entire study.
- the total enrollment target is 1,120 patients over the
 periods and across 8 site pairs

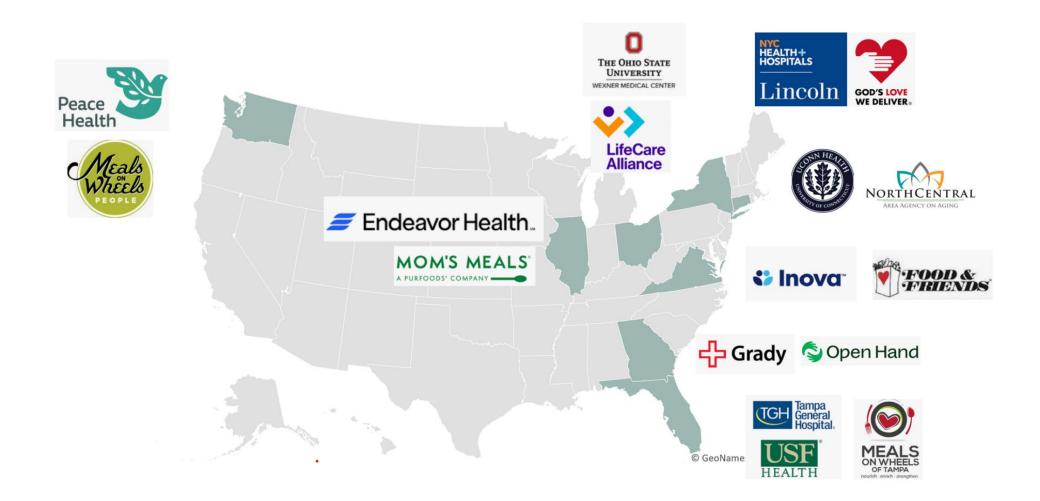
STUDY SUBJECTS

- Eligible subjects for this study are adults 60 years and older with AAIM malnutrition diagnosis.
- There is an emphasis on recruiting sites who serve individuals who are Black, Latino, Indigenous and Native Americans and individuals living in rural areas of the country.





CONNECT Study Sites





Academy research team

- Charanya Sundar
- Joyce Vergilli
- Cody Jordan,
- Stephanie Lalanne,
- Constantina Papoutsakis, PhD, RD
- Alison Steiber, PhD, RDN (PI)



Where do we go next? Future opportunities

- Demonstrate capacity to collect robust nutrition care data
- Strengthen data aggregation of PROMS/PREMS (patient reported outcomes measures, patient reported experience measures)
- Pursue exploratory outcomes (e.g. measures that improve health equity)
- Create health systems strategies addressing the impact of food as medicine in tackling major nutrition problems like malnutrition (e.g. strategies to enhance access)
- Design additional comparative clinical effectiveness research (CER) projects
- Emphasize people-centered outcomes research
- Expand research design approaches (network observational studies or natural experiments)
- Investigate cost-effectiveness of food as medicine interventions
- Spread and sustain evidence-based interventions



Discussion Email: connectstudy@eatright.org This project was supported, in part by grant number 90INNU0045, from the Administration for Community Living, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, D.C. 20201. Grantees undertaking projects with government sponsorship are encouraged to express freely their findings and

conclusions. Points of view or opinions do not, therefore, necessarily represent official ACL policy.



ADVANCING HEALTH EQUITY AMONG CONGREGATE MEAL PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS THROUGH UTILIZING APPROPRIATE MALNUTRITION, FRAILTY AND SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH SCREENING, ASSESSMENTS, AND INTERVENTIONS

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PROFESSOR (CLINICAL)

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UNIVERSITY OF UTAH SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

"THIS PROJECT WAS SUPPORTED BY THE ADMINISTRATION FOR COMMUNITY LIVING (ACL), U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS) AS PART OF A FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AWARD TOTALING \$3 MILLION WITH 75% PERCENTAGE FUNDED BY ACL/HHS AND 25% PERCENTAGE FUNDED BY NON- GOVERNMENTAL SOURCE(S). THE CONTENTS ARE THOSE OF THE AUTHOR(S) AND DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRESENT THE OFFICIAL VIEWS OF, NOR ARE AN ENDORSEMENT, BY ACL/HHS, OR THE U.S. GOVERNMENT."

MALNUTRITION STUDY GOAL:

To elucidate effective screening, assessment, and intervention for malnutrition and physical frailty through quantifying the intersection with social determinants of health (SDOH).

MALNUTRITION: WHAT IS IT?

- Multifactorial causes
 - Biological/Psychological/Social
- Overnutrition
- Undernutrition
- Body composition changes
 - Muscle loss
 - Fat loss/gain
- RESULTS IN DIMINISHED FUNCTION
 - Ability to take care of daily needs



MALNUTRITION STUDY DESIGN 2 COMPONENTS

- Malnutrition Screening Tool validation
 - Community-living older adults
- Comprehensive Malnutrition Assessment
 - Randomized Controlled Trial

COMPREHENSIVE MALNUTRITION ASSESSMENT: STUDY DESIGN & METHODS

- 13 Senior Centers
- Randomized Controlled Trial
- 8 cohorts-6 month duration each
- Control group x2 RDN visits
- Intervention group x6 RDN visits
 - Person-centered therapy
- Food demonstrations x3

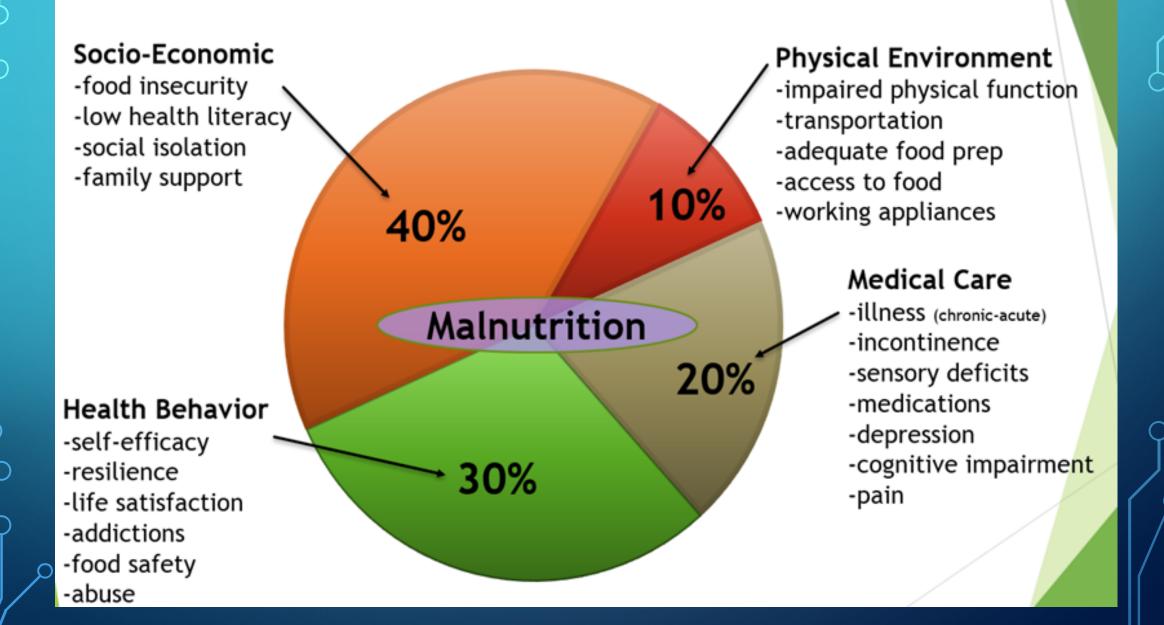
- Assessment Components
 - Dietary intake
 - Physical exam (NFPE *)
 - Muscle Mass
 - Muscle Strength
 - Body Fat
 - Fluid Accumulation
 - Micronutrients
 - Social Determinants of Health

SDOH ASSESSMENT STUDY COMPONENTS REFERRALS AS APPROPRIATE

- Physical Environment/Functionality
 - Instrumental Activities of Living (IADL)
 - Fall risk
 - Timed Up & Go (TUG) test

- Loneliness
- Depression
- Food Security
- Perceived Wellbeing
- Community Engagement

Malnutrition: Social Determinants of Health



OLDER ADULT NUTRITIONAL HEALTH

- Nutrition is a cornerstone of health and functionality
- Team approach
- After malnutrition is diagnosed and nutrition goals have been determinedneed to start to put the SDOH pieces together to complement the identified nutritional needs of the older adult and make appropriate referrals as needed.

THANK YOU

